Estimating measurement quality in digital trace data and surveys using the MultiTrait MultiMethod model

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Social media data in social research

Social media increasingly important in the social world

Their use and effects analysed in a number of fields

Most studies rely on self-reports from surveys

Surveys vs. digital trace data

	Surveys	
Strengths	Probability samplesFreedom of designLong term comparability	
Weaknesses	 Fragmentary/discrete information High burden Measurement error 	

Surveys vs. digital trace data

	Surveys	Digital meter data
Strengths	Probability samplesFreedom of designLong term comparability	Direct measurementLow burdenDetailed/high frequency
Weaknesses	 Fragmentary/discrete information High burden Measurement error 	 Selective/small samples Technology dependent Measurement error/missing data

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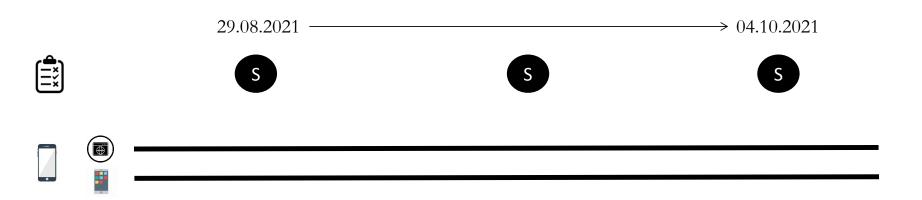
How best to measure mobile app usage?

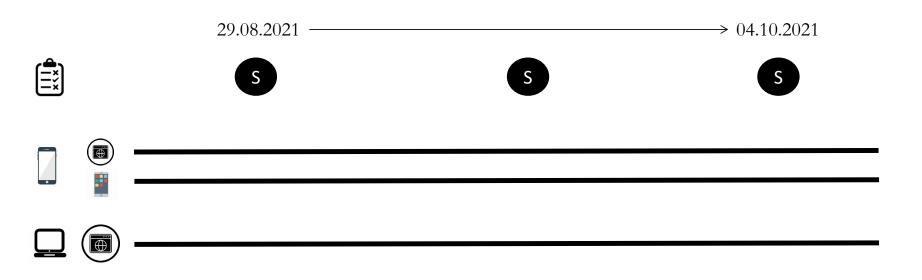
Digital trace data is increasingly used as "gold standard"

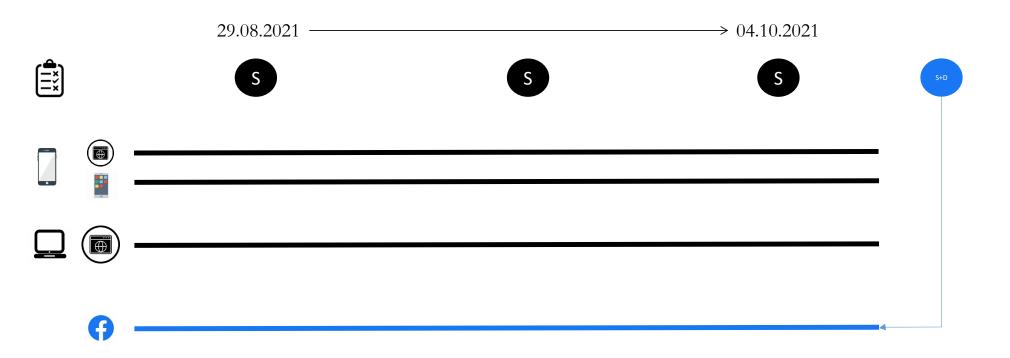
This ignores limitations of this data source

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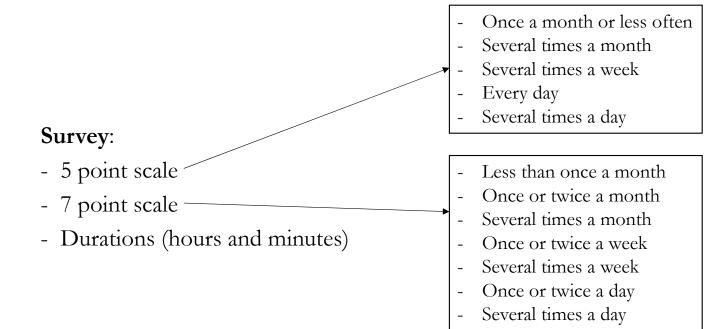


Topics/traits of interest

Using the phone to:

- call
- write text message
- take photos
- social media
- web browsing

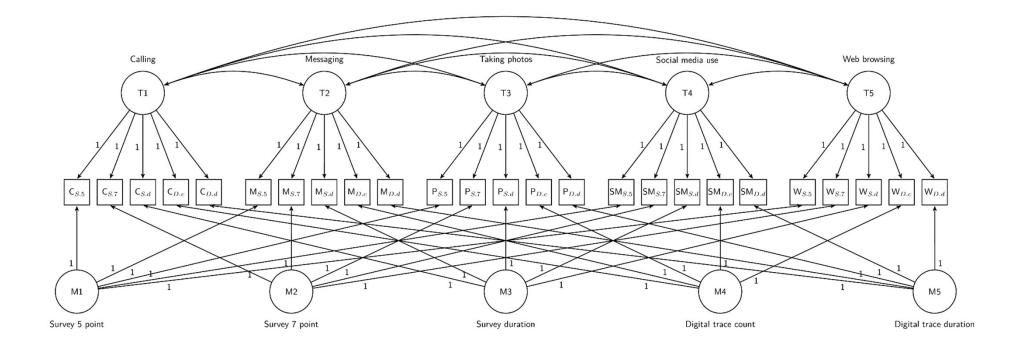
Measurements



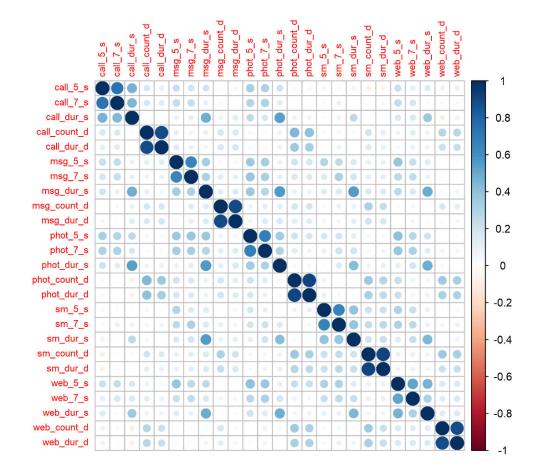
Digital trace data:

- How many times they do the activity
- How much time they spend doing the activity

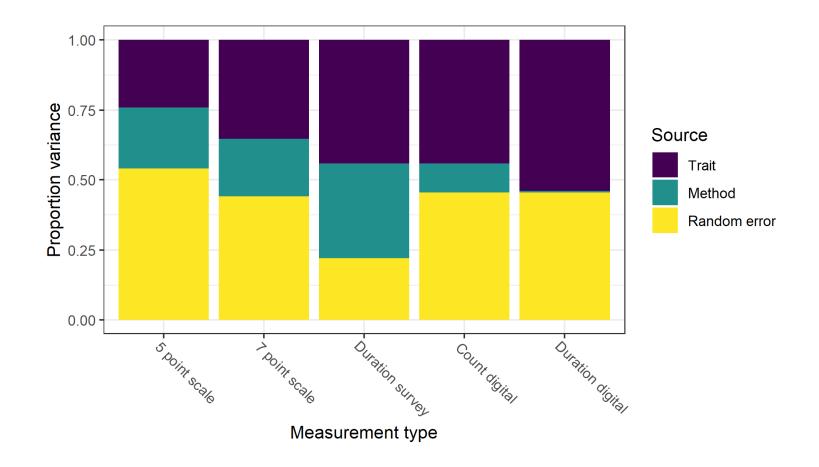
MTMM model



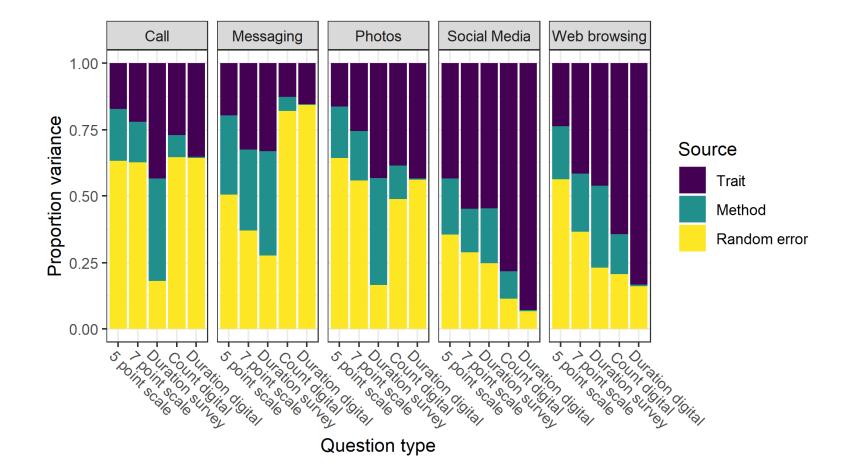
Correlation matrix



Variance decomposition



Variance decomposition by topic



Conclusions

- low correlations between the survey data and the digital trace data
- none of the methods implemented to capture smartphone usage is perfect
- digital trace data, especially the duration measures, show higher quality, this is not always the case(e.g. text messaging)

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